



MACMILLAN CANCER SUPPORT

Pelvic Radiotherapy Late Effects Service

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Aims

- Background
- What is Pelvic Radiation Disease? (PRD)
- Why late effects happen?
- Why the need for a late effects clinic?
- Our clinic process at the BWoSCC
- Summary

Background

Deliver as high a dose as possible to the tumour but beware of surrounding tissues, structures and OAR's.

 Bladder and Bowel toxicity is our main concern when delivering radiotherapy to the Pelvis.

This can lead to radiation cystitis, fistulae, strictures and second malignancy.

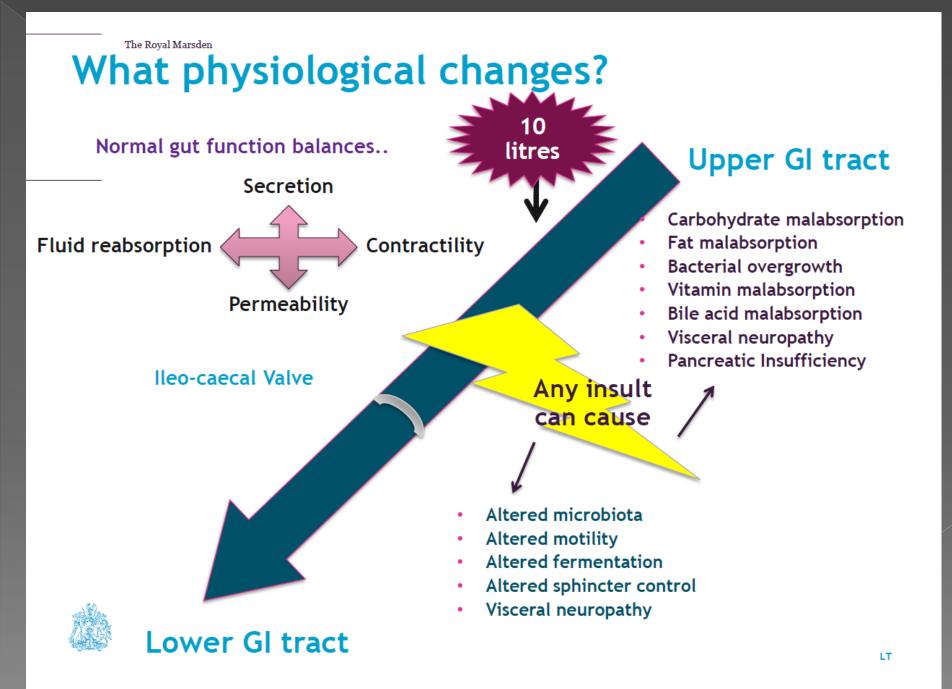
What is Pelvic Radiation Disease?

PRD is a term used to describe a collection of unpleasant symptoms that can arise after radiotherapy treatment to the pelvis for cancers such as cervical, prostate, bladder and bowel.

Can affect bowel, bladder and reproductive organs

Why do late effects happen?

- Vascular and connective tissues have a slow turnover rate, so even though they sustain radiation damage at the time of treatment, the effects are not expressed until repeated cell division is attempted.
- Can take several months to many years to develop and is largely a function of the total radiation dose and fraction size.



Why a late effects clinic?

More survivors – population growing

More people treated with XRT

• 50% GI late effects of treatment

Why a late effects clinic?



Challenges

Time in secondary care

 Lack of knowledge of how to manage these patients in primary care

Different terms:

- PRD
- Radiation enteritis
- Radiation proctitis

Late effects clinic BWoSCC

- Who
 - > Why a therapeutic radiographer?
- What
- Why
- When

GI Side effects

17 symptoms

- Faecal Incontinence
- Faecal urgency
- Bleeding from bowel
- Steatorrheoa
- Abdo pain
- Rectal pain
- Fatigue
- Nausea or vomitting
- Pelvic Insufficiency fractures
- Abdo bloating
- Belching/burping

Borborygmi Excessive wind Heartburn Incomplete emptying Bladder issues Sexual concerns

What are we diagnosing?

Small Intestinal Bacterial Overgrowth (SIBO)

- Diagnosed using GHMBT
- Treatment 7 days antibiotics of Rifaximin

Bile Acid Malabsorption (BAM)

Diagnosed with SeHCAT scan (NM)
Treatment- bile acid sequestrant + low fat diet
Dietician referral

Exocrine Pancreatic Insufficiency (EPI)

Diagnosed with a stool sample
Treated with Creon
Dietician referral

PRD Education

Why late effects happen

Show treatment plan



What tests do we do?

Extensive blood tests
 (Stool sample, Vitamins, Oestradiol)

• HNA

Examination- Abdo/Pelvic

Medication review

Interventions

- Diet manipulation
- Toileting techniques exercises
- Reduce caffeine intake
- Orrect use of anti-diarrhoeals, Laxatives
- Good skin hygiene

Referrals

- Psychology
- Psychosexual counselling
- Dietetics
- Menopause clinic
- Macmillan/BCC
- Advice- financial, insurance



PRD is a recognisable condition

Education and awareness of disease

 Our main aim is symptom management and improving QoL

Any Questions??????

