

The Society of Radiographers

Articles of Association

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The Companies Act 1985

**Company limited by guarantee and
not having a share capital**

Articles of Association

of

The Society of Radiographers Limited

1 Interpretation

1.1 In these Articles, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

"**Act**" means the Companies Act 2006 including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

"**1992 Act**" means the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992 including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

"**Articles**" means the Articles of Association of the Society.

"**Benefit**" means any payment of money or the provision of any other direct or indirect benefit in money or money's worth.

"**British Isles**" means the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

"**Chief Executive**" shall mean the person holding that office appointed in accordance with Article 15.

"**clear days**" in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect.

"**College**" means The College of Radiographers.

"**Company**" or "**the Society**" means The Society of Radiographers Limited.

"**Conflict of Interest**" means any Interest of any member of the UK Council (or any person connected to such a member) that conflicts, or may conflict, with the interests of the Society and includes a conflict of interest and a conflict of duties.

"**Connected Person**" means any person falling within one of the following categories:

- (a) any spouse or civil partner of a member of the UK Council;
- (b) any parent, child, brother, sister, grandparent or grandchild of a member of the UK Council who is financially dependent on such a member or on whom the member is financially dependent;
- (c) the spouse or civil partner of any person in (b);
- (d) any other person in a relationship with a member of the UK Council which may reasonably be regarded as equivalent to that of a spouse or civil partner; or

- (e) any company, LLP or partnership of which a member of the UK council is a paid director, member, partner or employee or a holder of more than 1% of the share capital or capital; and

any person who is a Connected Person in relation to any member of the UK Council is referred to in these Articles as **Connected** to that Trustee or Member.

"**Country**" has the meaning determined by the UK Council from time to time in accordance with the Handbook and as at the date of adoption of these Articles means:

Northern	Ireland
Wales	
Scotland	

"**English Region**" has the meaning determined by the UK Council from time to time in accordance with the Handbook and as at the date of adoption of these Articles means:

Eastern	Region	
London	Region	
Midlands	Region	
Northern	Region	
North	Western	Region
South	Eastern	Region
South	Weston	Region
Yorkshire and North Trent Region		

"**executed**" includes any mode of execution.

"**Handbook**" means the rules adopted by the Society pursuant to Article 2 and references to the Handbook and its provisions of the Handbook in force from time to time.

"**Head Office**" means the head office from time to time of the Society.

"**Interest**" means any direct or indirect interest (and includes any interest a member of the UK Council or any person Connected to such a member may have as a consequence of any duty he or she may owe to any other person) and where a member of the UK Council (or any person Connected to such a member) has any such interest in any matter or situation or transaction or arrangement the member of the UK Council is **Interested** in it.

"**Member**" means a member of the Society and, unless otherwise expressly provided, includes a Student Member of the Society (and "**Membership**" shall be construed accordingly).

"**Memorandum**" means the Memorandum of Association of the Society.

"**office**" means the registered office of the Society.

"**Regional Committee**" and "**National Council**" mean the committees of individuals appointed by the Members of an English Region and Country respectively who are responsible for the management and administration of each such English Region or Country.

"**register**" means the register of Members of the Society.

"**registered address**" means the address of a Member for the time being entered in the register.

"**seal**" means the common seal of the Society.

"Secretary" means the secretary of the Society or any other person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the Society, including a joint, assistant or deputy secretary.

"Student Member" means a student radiographer admitted as a Member in accordance with the Handbook.

"UK Council" means the board of directors of the Society constituted in accordance with Article 8.

"United Kingdom" means Great Britain (England, Scotland and Wales) and Northern Ireland.

1.2 Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these Articles bear the same meaning as in the Act but excluding any statutory modifications thereof not in force when these Articles become binding on the Society.

1.3 These Articles shall be construed so as not to conflict with the Memorandum.

2 Rules of the Society

2.1 Subject to the provisions of this Article 2, the UK Council may from time to time make, amend or rescind such rules as they may deem necessary or expedient for the proper conduct of the Society, such rules to be contained in the Handbook, a copy of which shall be supplied to every Member on admission to the Society.

2.2 In particular, but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the UK Council may make rules relating to:

- (a) classes of and conditions of Membership of the Society and the rights and privileges of such Members, and admission to and the conditions of Membership; and
- (b) the terms on which Members may resign or have their Membership terminated; and
- (c) subscriptions and other fees or payments to be made by Members; and
- (d) the conduct of Members of the Society in relation to one another and to the Society's employees; and
- (e) the constitution to be adopted by any branch, sub-division or constituent part of the Society; and
- (f) the procedure at general meetings and meetings of the UK Council and committees of the UK Council in so far as such procedure is not regulated by the Articles.

2.3 Any rule adopted in accordance with this Article shall be binding on all Members of the Society provided that no such rule shall be inconsistent with, or shall affect or alter anything contained in, the Memorandum or these Articles.

2.4 The Members of the Society may by ordinary resolution in general meeting amend or rescind any rule contained in the Handbook and may adopt any new rule for the proper conduct of the Society provided that no such rule shall be inconsistent with, or shall affect or alter anything contained in, the Memorandum or these Articles.

2.5 The UK Council shall take all reasonable steps in order to bring the adoption of any new rule or any amendment or rescission of any existing rule contained in the Handbook to the

attention of Members as soon as reasonably practicable after such adoption, amendment or rescission.

3 Membership

- 3.1 The Members of the Society shall be such persons as are admitted to Membership in accordance with the Handbook and have not ceased to be Members in accordance therewith.

4 General Meetings

- 4.1 A general meeting may be held either in person or by suitable electronic means determined by the UK Council or in a combination of both provided that all Members participating in the general meeting may communicate with all the other participants. If all of the Members participating in a general meeting are not in the same place, the UK Council may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is.
- 4.2 A reference to any general meeting includes a reference to a meeting held by electronic means in accordance with article 4.1. A person shall be regarded as being present at a general meeting at any time where he she or is attending personally or by electronic means in accordance with article 4.1.
- 4.3 All general meetings other than annual general meetings and extraordinary general meetings shall be held at such time and place or, as appropriate, by such electronic means (or a combination of both) and shall be convened upon such notice as the UK Council may from time to time determine.
- 4.4 An annual general meeting shall be held not later than 31 July in each calendar year unless the UK Council determine it is not reasonably practicable to do so. [Where the UK Council determine that it is not reasonably practicable to hold the annual general meeting by 31 July in a particular calendar year the UK Council must inform the Members of the reasons for postponement.] Notice of an annual general meeting shall state the time and place or, as appropriate, the electronic means (or a combination of both) as determined by the UK council by which Members may attend.
- 4.5 The business of the annual general meeting shall be to receive and consider the accounts of the Society for the past year, the reports of the UK Council and the auditors, to appoint the auditors and to fix or determine the manner in which their fee shall be fixed and to transact any other business which in the discretion of the UK Council is proper to be transacted at an annual general meeting and of which notice in writing shall have been given to the UK Council at least twenty-eight clear days before the meeting.
- 4.6 The UK Council may call an extraordinary general meeting at any time and on the requisition of Members pursuant to the provisions of the Act shall send a notice to convene an extraordinary general meeting within 21 days of the request being received in accordance with the Act to take place in accordance with the provisions of the Act. The UK Council may determine whether such meeting is to be held in person or by suitable electronic means (or a combination of both).

5 Notice of General Meetings

- 5.1 An annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting shall be called by at least fourteen clear days' notice specifying the time and place of the meeting and/or the means by which the meeting may be held electronically and the general nature of the business to be transacted. The notice shall be given to all Members and to the auditors.

- 5.2 The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

6 Proceedings at General Meetings

- 6.1 No resolution of the Members relating to the conduct of the Society's business or the exercise of its powers shall be valid unless passed at an extraordinary general meeting or the annual general meeting of the Society, but subject thereto, any matter of which previous notice is not required to be given by the Act may at the discretion of the chair of the meeting be discussed without previous notice at any general meeting of the Society. During such discussions only Members of the Society shall be present except that the chair of a general meeting may permit others who are not Members of the Society to attend and speak at general meetings.
- 6.2 No business shall be transacted at any annual or extraordinary general meeting of the Society unless a quorum is present. Twenty Members present shall be a quorum.
- 6.3 If a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting or if during the meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting if convened upon the requisition of Members shall be dissolved and in any other case shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or such time and place as the UK Council may determine.
- 6.4 The President or, in the President's absence, the President-Elect or, in the President-Elect's absence, the Vice-President, shall preside as chair at every general meeting of the Society but if none of the President, the President-Elect or the Vice-President are present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the members of the UK Council present shall elect one of their number to be chair and, if there is only one member of the UK Council present and willing to act, such person shall be chair.
- 6.5 If no member of the UK Council is willing to act as chair, or if no member of UK Council is present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Members present shall choose one of their number to be chair.
- 6.6 The chair may, with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days notice shall be given specifying the time and place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Otherwise it shall not be necessary to give any such notice.
- 6.7 Members may attend (either in person or by electronic means) and vote at all general meetings of the Society except that Student Members may attend (either in person or by electronic means) but shall not be entitled to vote at general meetings of the Society.
- 6.8 A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided on a show of hands or such electronic method of voting as the Chair shall determine unless before, or upon the declaration of the result of, the show of hands a poll is demanded by the chair or by at least five Members present (in person, by electronic means or by proxy).
- 6.9 Unless a poll is duly demanded a declaration by the chair that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.

**Note:*

If it is desired to appoint some other person as proxy please strike out the reference to the chair of the meeting insert the name and address of the proxy preferred and initial the alteration. A proxy must be a Member of the Society.

If it is desired to appoint the proxy to vote for or against particular resolutions, please strike out the words "for" or "against" as appropriate."

- 7.4 The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified by a notary or in some other way approved by the UK Council may:
- (a) be delivered to the office or at such other place within the United Kingdom as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Society in relation to the meeting not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote; or
 - (b) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded, be delivered as aforesaid not less than twenty four hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; or
 - (c) where the poll is taken not more than 48 hours after it was demanded, the time a which it was demanded;

and any instrument of proxy which is not delivered in a manner so permitted shall be invalid.

- 7.5 If the chair shall authorise or direct voting by ballot a form of ballot paper shall be sent to every Member entitled to vote at the poll at least fourteen clear days before the date appointed for the taking thereof and every such Member wishing to vote by ballot shall sign the same personally and return the same so as to be received at the office of the Society at least 48 hours before the date so appointed and any ballot paper not so signed or not received in time shall be invalid. The accidental omission to send a ballot paper to or the non-receipt of a ballot paper from a Member shall not invalidate the poll.
- 7.6 For the purposes of this article 7, in calculating a period of hours no account is to be taken of any part of a day that is not a working day.

8 The UK Council

- 8.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Memorandum and the Articles and to any directions given by special resolution of the Members (not being Student Members), the business of the Society shall be managed by the UK Council whose members may exercise all powers of the Society. No alteration of the Memorandum or Articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the UK Council which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this Article shall not be limited by any special power given to the UK Council by the Articles and a meeting of the UK Council at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the UK Council.
- 8.2 The UK Council may, by power of attorney or otherwise, appoint any person to be the agent of the Society for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the agent to delegate all or any of his or her powers.

9 Membership to the UK Council

- 9.1 The members of the UK Council shall consist of any ex-officio Immediate Past President and the Members (not being Student Members) elected as representatives of each English Region and each Country in accordance with this Article 9. Elections will be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Handbook and the 1992 Act.
- 9.2 The number of members elected as representatives to the UK Council will be as follows:
- (a) the Members of each English Region will elect one Member as their representative;
 - (b) the Members of the Country of Northern Ireland will elect one Member as their representative;
 - (c) the Members of the Country of Wales will elect two Members as their representatives; and
 - (d) the Members of the Country of Scotland will elect three Members as their representatives.
- 9.3 Each elected member of the UK Council will start his or her term of office on 1 July following their election and will hold office for the term specified in Article 9.4 unless he or she vacates office before the expiry of that term in accordance with Article 9.15.
- 9.4 From the adoption of these Articles, the existing members of UK Council shall continue to hold office on their existing terms, provided that any elected member of UK Council who, as at the date of these Articles, is serving a 1 year or 2 year term, shall be deemed to have been appointed to serve for a 3 year term.
- 9.5 Subject to Article 9.4, the term of office of each elected member of the UK Council shall be 3 years. An elected member may be re-elected for two further terms of 3 years.
- 9.6 After an elected member has served 3 consecutive terms in office, he or she shall be eligible for re-election only after a year has elapsed since he or she retired as an elected member, unless the UK Council considers it would be in the best interests of the Society for an elected member to be eligible for re-election on his or her retirement for such number of further terms of up to 3 years as the UK Council shall resolve.
- 9.7 The UK Council may from time to time publish in the Handbook details of all resolutions passed in accordance with Article 9.4 (and any resolution it proposes to pass in accordance with Article 9.4) in order to improve the continuity and effectiveness of the UK Council for the benefit of the Society.
- 9.8 The members of the UK Council shall elect a President and President-Elect from amongst their number in accordance with the provisions of the Handbook who shall hold office in accordance with the provisions of the Handbook and these Articles.
- 9.9 The Vice-President of the Society shall be elected by the Members from amongst the members of UK Council, using an electronic ballot, in accordance with the provisions of the Handbook, and the Vice-President shall hold office in accordance with the provisions of the Handbook and these Articles.
- 9.10 The English Region or Country that has elected each of the members of the UK Council who are elected as President, President-Elect and Vice-President will be entitled to elect substitute representatives to act as members of the UK Council in their place provided that:

- (a) no substitute will be entitled to vote or count in the quorum at any meeting of the UK Council; and
 - (b) each substitute will cease to act when the term of office of the President, President-Elect or Vice-President in whose place they are acting ceases.
- 9.11 Any person elected as President of the Society will, if so invited by resolution of the UK Council on his or her retirement as President, become the Immediate Past President of the Society for the period of 12 months following the end of the period during which he or she was President. Where the term of office for which the Immediate Past President was elected to the UK Council has expired, the Immediate Past President will be an ex-officio member of the UK Council (an "ex-officio Immediate Past President") only and will attend meetings of the UK Council solely for the purpose of providing the UK Council with factual information or technical or professional advice with respect to matters being considered by the UK Council and will not be entitled to vote or count in the quorum at any such meeting.
- 9.12 Members (other than Student Members) shall be qualified (subject to any restrictions imposed by the Articles or the Handbook) to hold any office in the Society and be eligible for membership of the UK Council.
- 9.13 If a casual vacancy shall occur amongst the elected members of the UK Council, whether caused by retirement, death or otherwise, the UK Council shall arrange for the election of another eligible Member of the Society to fill the vacancy as soon as practicable after it has occurred; provided that the person elected shall retain his or her membership of the UK Council for so long only as such person's predecessor would in the ordinary course have retained that position, but shall be eligible for re-election at the end of such period. The newly elected member shall take office at the meeting of the UK Council next following such election.
- 9.14 A member of Council who is or becomes subject to any type of fitness to practice or professional disciplinary proceeding or hearing shall immediately inform the President in writing.
- 9.15 The office of a member of the UK Council shall be vacated:
- (a) if the member ceases to hold office by virtue of any provision of the Act or becomes prohibited by law from being a director of a company or is convicted of a criminal offence and the members of the UK Council (except the member who has been convicted) resolve that it would not be in the interests of the Society that he or she should continue to hold office;
 - (b) if the member becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his or her creditors generally;
 - (c) if a registered medical practitioner who is treating that person gives a written opinion to the Company stating that that person has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a director and may remain so for more than three months;
 - (d) if the member resigns his or her office by notice to the Society; or
 - (e) if the member shall have been absent without permission of the UK Council from three consecutive UK Council meetings and the UK Council resolves that his or her office be vacated;
 - (f) upon the member attaining the age of 70 years;

- (g) within three months following the removal of their registered address from the geographical area represented by any English Region or Country which such member was elected to represent provided that any such elected member who is, at the date of such removal, President, President-Elect, Vice-President or Immediate past President of the Society shall not be required to resign until 30 June next following the event; or
- (h) if the member ceases to be a Member in accordance with the Handbook.

10 Proceedings of the UK Council

- 10.1 The UK Council may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its proceedings as it thinks fit. The Secretary shall at the request of the President or any six members thereof convene a meeting of the UK Council at any time. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting to a member who is absent from the United Kingdom.
- 10.2 A meeting of the UK Council may be held either in person or by suitable electronic means agreed by the UK Council in which all members of the UK Council participating in the meeting may communicate with all the other participants. If all of the members of the UK Council participating in a meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is.
- 10.3 At every meeting of the UK Council six members (excluding any ex-officio Immediate Past President) shall constitute a quorum.
- 10.4 The members of the UK Council for the time being may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their number provided that if at any time their number is reduced below six the members for the time being may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting.
- 10.5 The Immediate Past President, unless unable or unwilling to do so, shall preside as chair at every meeting of the UK Council at which he or she is present. In the absence of the Immediate Past President, the President shall preside and in the absence of the President, the President-Elect shall preside. If none of the aforementioned are present or willing to preside the members of the UK Council present may appoint one of their number to chair the meeting.
- 10.6 Subject to article 10.7, every decision of the UK Council shall be by a simple majority of the votes cast at a meeting but a written resolution signed (or agreed to in writing) by all of the members of the UK Council who would have been entitled to vote on the matter had it been proposed as a resolution at a UK Council meeting and would have formed a quorum at such a meeting is as valid as a resolution passed at a meeting (and for this purpose the resolution or agreement in writing may be contained in more than one document).
- 10.7 Every member of the UK Council has one vote on each issue except for the chair of the meeting who, in the event of an equality of votes, has a second or casting vote (unless the chair of the meeting is in accordance with these Articles not to be counted as participating in the decision-making process for quorum or voting purposes).
- 10.8 At the request of any member of the UK Council present at any UK Council meeting, the UK Council shall refer any resolution passed at that meeting to the next meeting for further consideration and in that event the resolution shall not become effective unless it is confirmed by a majority at that meeting provided always that a resolution which has been referred to a second meeting of the UK Council shall not be further referred at that meeting unless at least two-thirds of the members present vote in favour of the referral.
- 10.9 All acts done by a meeting of the UK Council, or of a committee of the UK Council shall notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was a defect in the appointment of

any member of the UK Council or that any member was disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or was not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a member of the UK Council and had been entitled to vote.

- 10.10 The UK Council may delegate any of its powers to any committee consisting of one or more members of the UK Council and such other Members of the Society as the UK Council shall think fit. The President shall be an ex-officio member of each committee but each committee shall elect its own chair and secretary.
- 10.11 Any committee shall when exercising the powers delegated to it comply with any regulations or directions which the UK Council may from time to time impose upon it and, subject thereto the proceedings of a committee shall be governed by the rules regulating the proceedings of the UK Council so far as they are capable of applying.
- 10.12 The quorum for every meeting of a committee shall be three members of whom at least one shall be a member of the UK Council (excluding any ex-officio Immediate Past President).
- 10.13 All acts and proceedings of each committee shall be reported to the UK Council as soon as possible and shall be subject to ratification by the UK Council.
- 10.14 The UK Council may:
- (a) invite any officer or employee or Member of the Society or any other individual to attend meetings of the UK Council or any of its committees; and
 - (b) invite to its meetings observers from organisations and bodies operating in allied or similar fields to those of the Society;
- for the purpose of providing the UK Council or any committee with factual information or technical or professional advice with respect to matters being considered by the UK Council provided that each such attendee shall have no right to vote at any such meeting.
- 10.15 Any individual appointed as an observer of the UK Council pursuant to the Handbook shall be entitled to attend and, at the invitation of the UK Council, speak (but not vote) at any meeting of the UK Council for the purpose of providing the UK Council with factual information or technical or professional advice with respect to matters being considered by the UK Council.

11 Declaration of interests

- 11.1 Every member of the UK Council has a duty to declare to the UK Council the nature and extent of any Interest which he or she (or any Connected Person) has in any proposed or existing transaction or arrangement with the Society or any situation or matter in relation to the Society that is, or possibly may be, a Conflict of Interest.
- 11.2 In the case of any proposed transaction or arrangement with the Society in which a member of the UK Council (or any Connected Person) is Interested, he or she must declare the nature and extent of the Interest to the UK Council before the Society enters into the transaction or arrangement.
- 11.3 In the case of any existing transaction or arrangement that has been entered into by the Society or any situation or matter in relation to the Society in which a member of the UK Council (or any Connected Person) is Interested, he or she must declare the nature and extent of the Interest to the UK Council as soon as is reasonably practicable.
- 11.4 Any declaration must be made in accordance with the provisions of the Act:

- 11.4.1 at a meeting of the UK Council; or
 - 11.4.2 by notice in writing to the UK Council; or
 - 11.4.3 by general notice to the UK Council.
- 11.5 A member of the UK Council is not required to declare an Interest:
- 11.5.1 where the member of the UK Council is not aware of the Interest (but the member of the UK Council is treated as being aware of matters of which he ought reasonably to be aware); or
 - 11.5.2 where the member of the UK Council is not aware of the transaction or arrangement or situation or matter (but the member of the UK Council is treated as being aware of matters of which he ought reasonably to be aware); or
 - 11.5.3 if, or to the extent that, the other members of the UK Council are already aware of the Interest (or ought reasonably to be aware of the Interest).
- 11.6 The Society will maintain a register of all of the Interests declared by the UK Council in accordance with this Article. The UK Council will prepare (and from time to time review) a policy in relation to the declaration and management of Conflicts of Interest.

12 Conflicts of interest

- 12.1 Subject to Articles 12.2 and 13, a member of the UK Council has a duty under the Act to avoid a situation or matter in which he has, or can have, a Conflict of Interest. This duty applies to the exploitation of any property, information or opportunity (and it is immaterial whether the Society could take advantage of the property, information or opportunity).
- 12.2 Pursuant to section 181(3) of the Companies Act 2006, the duty referred to in Article 12.1 does not apply to a Conflict of Interest arising in relation to any situation or matter or any transaction or arrangement between the Society and any UK Council member which is set out in clauses 4.6, 4.7, 4.8 and 4.9 of the Memorandum.

13 Authorisation of conflicts of interest

- 13.1 The UK Council may authorise a transaction or arrangement or situation or matter in which a member of the UK Council (or any person Connected to that member) has, or may have, a Conflict of Interest provided that:
- 13.1.1 the Conflict of Interest will not confer a Benefit on the member of the UK Council or any Connected Person at the expense of the Society to an extent greater than that permitted by the Memorandum;
 - 13.1.2 the UK Council act in what they consider to be the best interests of the Society; and
 - 13.1.3 the UK Council comply with the procedures set out in this Article 13.
- 13.2 Whenever the UK Council must decide whether to give the authorisation in accordance with Article 13.1 the member of the UK Council concerned must:
- 13.2.1 declare the nature and extent of his or her Interest at the beginning of any meeting at which the authorisation is to be discussed (or, at the latest, before such discussion begins);
 - 13.2.2 withdraw from that part of the meeting at which the authorisation is to be discussed unless expressly invited to remain in order to provide information;

- 13.2.3 not be counted in the quorum for that part of the meeting during which the authorisation is discussed;
 - 13.2.4 withdraw during the vote and have no vote on the authorisation for that part of the meeting; and
 - 13.2.5 not sign any written resolution in relation to the authorisation (except where required to do so to confirm a resolution of the other members of the UK Council).
- 13.3 In giving the authorisation under Article 13.1 in relation to a transaction or arrangement or situation or matter in which a member of the UK Council (or any person Connected to a member) has, or may have, a Conflict of Interest, the UK Council may (subject to such terms as they may impose from time to time and to their right to vary or terminate such authorisation) determine the manner in which they may be dealt with and, in doing so, the UK Council must consider:
- 13.3.1 whether the nature and extent of the interest in the relevant transaction or arrangement or situation or matter is reasonably likely to give rise to a Conflict of Interest;
 - 13.3.2 whether or not the member of the UK Council should withdraw from that part of any meeting at which the relevant transaction or arrangement or situation or matter is to be discussed unless expressly invited to remain in order to provide information;
 - 13.3.3 whether or not the member of the UK Council should be excluded from the receipt of information in relation to the relevant transaction, arrangement, situation or matter;
 - 13.3.4 whether or not the member of the UK Council should be counted in the quorum for that part of any meeting during which the relevant transaction or arrangement or situation or matter is discussed; and
 - 13.3.5 whether or not the member of the UK Council should withdraw during the vote and have no vote on the relevant transaction or arrangement or situation or matter at the relevant part of any meeting.

14 Minutes

- 14.1 The UK Council shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose of all appointments of officers made by the UK Council and all proceedings at meetings of the Society and of the UK Council and of committees of the UK Council including the names of those present at each meeting.
- 14.2 Minutes signed by a person purporting to be the chair of a meeting or of the next succeeding meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein recorded.
- 14.3 No report of the proceedings of any meeting of the UK Council or of any committee of the UK Council shall be taken or published except with the consent of the UK Council previously obtained.

15 Chief Executive

- 15.1 The Society shall appoint a Chief Executive for such term, at such remuneration, with such duties and upon such conditions as it may think fit and any Chief Executive so appointed may be removed by the UK Council. The Chief Executive shall, subject to the provisions of the Act, serve as Secretary to the Society in accordance with the Act.

16 Recognition of Educational Institutions

- 16.1 The UK Council shall maintain a list of institutions recognised by it as centres of education in radiography, radiotherapeutic technology and allied subjects (in these Articles referred to as "**Recognised Educational Institutions**").
- 16.2 The UK Council shall appoint representatives who are charged with the responsibility of advising the UK Council on the suitability of any institution for inclusion as a Recognised Educational Institution and of inspecting the Recognised Educational Institutions and reporting on them. Subject to the provisions of Clause 4 of the Memorandum the UK Council may remunerate representatives so appointed.
- 16.3 The UK Council may establish by regulations the requirements to be satisfied before an institution can become a Recognised Educational Institution.
- 16.4 The UK Council may after due enquiry remove the name of an institution from the list of Recognised Educational Institutions.

17 Educational Programmes

- 17.1 The UK Council is responsible for the setting, maintenance and the raising of standards of education in radiography, radiotherapeutic technology and allied subjects. The UK Council may appoint assessors for such education and subject to the provisions of Clause 4 of the Memorandum may remunerate assessors so appointed.
- 17.2 The UK Council is responsible for overseeing and approving the design, delivery and quality assurance of education and training.
- 17.3 The UK Council is responsible for the approval of courses at all levels which grant professional accreditation by the Society and the College.
- 17.4 The UK Council or a delegated agent shall appoint and train suitable qualified and experienced persons to act as assessors and make recommendations on the suitability for approval of education programmes.
- 17.5 The UK Council may from time to time make regulations prescribing the authorised abbreviations which may be used by persons who are accredited by the Society and the College.

18 The Seal

- 18.1 The seal shall only be used by the authority of the UK Council or of a committee of members of the UK Council authorised by the UK Council. The UK Council may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a member of the UK Council and by the Chief Executive or by a second member of the UK Council.

19 Accounts

- 19.1 No Member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the Society except as conferred by statute or authorised by the UK Council or by ordinary resolution of the Members of the Society.
- 19.2 The books of account shall be kept at the office or at such other place or places as the UK Council think fit and shall always be open to the inspection of the UK Council.

20 Winding up

- 20.1 The provisions of clause 8 of the Memorandum relating to the winding-up and dissolution of the Society shall have the same validity operation and effect as if they were repeated in the Articles.

21 Notices

- 21.1 Notices, documents, resolutions or information under these Articles may be sent or supplied to the UK Council by hand, or by post or by suitable electronic means.

- 21.2 The Society may deliver a notice or other document to a Member by:

21.2.1 delivering it personally to the Member;

21.2.2 post or hand delivery to the Member's address shown in the register of Members;

21.2.3 electronic mail to an address notified by the Member in writing; or

21.2.4 by means of a website in accordance with Articles 21.3 and 21.4.

and such notice or other documents may be contained in any journal for the time being of the Society which is issued to all Members in any manner set out in this article 21.2.

- 21.3 Notices, resolutions, documents or information may be sent or supplied to Members by means of a website provided that a Member has consented to receive notices, resolutions, documents or information in that way. A Member will be deemed to have agreed to receive notices, resolutions, documents and information in this way where they have been asked individually by the Society to agree to receive notices, resolutions, documents and information through a website and the Society has not received a response within the period of 28 days beginning with the date on which the Society's request was sent. A Member is not taken to have so agreed if the Society's request did not state clearly what the effect of a failure to respond would be, or was sent less than 12 months after a previous request was made.

- 21.4 Where any notice, resolution, document or other information is to be sent or supplied by means of a website, a Member shall be notified in accordance with Articles 21.2.1, 21.2.2 or 21.2.3 of:

21.4.1 its presence on the website;

21.4.2 the address of the website;

21.4.3 the place on the website where it may be accessed; and

21.4.4 how to access it.

- 21.5 Any notice, resolution, document or other information sent or supplied by means of a website shall be deemed to have been received by the Member when the notice, resolution, document or other information is first made available on the website or, if later, when the Member is deemed to have received the notification given under Article 21.4 in accordance with the relevant provisions of 21.6.

- 21.6 Subject to Article 21.5, any notice given in accordance with these Articles is to be treated for all purposes as having been received:

21.6.1 24 hours after being sent by electronic means or delivered by hand to the relevant address;

- 21.6.2 two clear days after being sent by first class post to that address;
 - 21.6.3 three clear days after being sent by second class or overseas post to that address;
 - 21.6.4 on being handed to the Member personally; or, if earlier
 - 21.6.5 as soon as the Member acknowledges actual receipt.
- 21.7 A technical defect in the giving of notice of a meeting of which the UK Council are unaware at the time does not invalidate decisions taken at that meeting.

22 Indemnity

- 22.1 The Society may indemnify any member of the UK Council against any liability incurred by him or her in that capacity, to the extent permitted by the Act.

Names and addresses of subscribers
